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Chapter 2

PE 2-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 2-1 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    printf("Anton Bruckner\n");
    printf("Anton\nBruckner\n");
    printf("Anton ");
    printf("Bruckner\n");

    return 0;
}
```

PE 2-3

```
/* Programming Exercise 2-3 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    int ageyears;    /* age in years */
    int agedays;    /* age in days */
                    /* large ages may require the long type */
    ageyears = 44;
    agedays = 365 * ageyears;
    printf("An age of %d years is %d days.\n", ageyears, agedays);

    return 0;
}
```

PE 2-4

```
/* Programming Exercise 2-4 */
#include <stdio.h>

void jolly(void);
void deny(void);
```

```
int main(void)
{
    jolly();
    jolly();
    jolly();
    deny();

    return 0;
}
```

```
void jolly(void)
{
    printf("For he's a jolly good fellow!\n");
}
```

```
void deny(void)
{
    printf("Which nobody can deny!\n");
}
```

PE 2-5

```
/* Programming Exercise 2-5 */
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
{
    int toes;

    toes = 10;

    printf("toes = %d\n", toes);
    printf("Twice toes = %d\n", 2 * toes);
    printf("toes squared = %d\n", toes * toes);

    return 0;
}
```

```
/* or create two more variables, set them to 2 * toes and toes * toes
*/
```

PE 2-7

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/\* Programming Exercise 2-7  
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```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void one_three(void);
```

```
void two(void);
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("starting now:\n");
```

```
    one_three();
```

```
    printf("done!\n");
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void one_three(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("one\n");
```

```
    two();
```

```
    printf("three\n");
```

```
}
```

```
void two(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("two\n");
```

```
}
```

Chapter 3

PE 3-2

```
/* Programming Exercise 3-2 */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int ascii;
```

```
    printf("Enter an ASCII code: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &ascii);
```

```
    printf("%d is the ASCII code for %c.\n", ascii, ascii);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

PE 3-4

```
/* Programming Exercise 3-4 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    float num;
    printf("Enter a floating-point value: ");
    scanf("%f", &num);
    printf("fixed-point notation: %f\n", num);
    printf("exponential notation: %e\n", num);

    return 0;
}
```

PE 3-6

```
/* Programming Exercise 3-6 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    float mass_mol = 3.0e-23; /* mass of water molecule in grams */
    float mass_qt = 950; /* mass of quart of water in grams */
    float quarts;
    float molecules;

    printf("Enter the number of quarts of water: ");
    scanf("%f", &quarts);
    molecules = quarts * mass_qt / mass_mol;
    printf("%f quarts of water contain %e molecules.\n", quarts,
           molecules);

    return 0;
}
```

Chapter 4

PE 4-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 4-3  
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#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)  
{  
    char fname[40];  
    char lname[40];  
  
    printf("Enter your first name: ");  
    scanf("%s", fname);  
    printf("Enter your last name: ");  
    scanf("%s", lname);  
    printf("%s, %s\n", lname, fname);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

PE 4-4

```
/* Programming Exercise 4-4 */  
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(void)  
{  
    float height;  
    char name[40];  
  
    printf("Enter your height in inches: ");  
    scanf("%f", &height);  
    printf("Enter your name: ");  
    scanf("%s", name);  
    printf("%s, you are %.3f feet tall\n", name, height / 12.0);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

PE 4-6

```
/* Programming Exercise 4-6 */  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <float.h>
```

```
int main(void)
{
    float ot_f = 1.0 / 3.0;
    double ot_d = 1.0 / 3.0;

    printf(" float values: ");
    printf("%.4f %.12f %.16f\n", ot_f, ot_f, ot_f);
    printf("double values: ");
    printf("%.4f %.12f %.16f\n", ot_d, ot_d, ot_d);
    printf("FLT_DIG: %d\n", FLT_DIG);
    printf("DBL_DIG: %d\n", DBL_DIG);
    return 0;
}
```

## Chapter 5

## PE 5-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 5-1 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    const int minperhour = 60;
    int minutes, hours, mins;

    printf("Enter the number of minutes to convert: ");
    scanf("%d", &minutes);
    while (minutes > 0 )
    {
        hours = minutes / minperhour;
        mins = minutes % minperhour;
        printf("%d minutes = %d hours, %d minutes\n", minutes, hours,
mins);
        printf("Enter next minutes value (0 to quit): ");
        scanf("%d", &minutes);
    }
    printf("Bye\n");

    return 0;
}
```

PE 5-3

```
/* Programming Exercise 5-3 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    const int daysperweek = 7;
    int days, weeks, day_rem;

    printf("Enter the number of days: ");
    scanf("%d", &days);
    weeks = days / daysperweek;
    day_rem = days % daysperweek;

    printf("%d days are %d weeks and %d days.\n", days, weeks, day_rem);

    return 0;
}
```

PE 5-5

```
/* Programming Exercise 5-5 */
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void) /* finds sum of first n integers */
{
    int count, sum;
    int n;

    printf("Enter the upper limit: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    count = 0;
    sum = 0;
    while (count++ < n)
        sum = sum + count;
    printf("sum = %d\n", sum);
    return 0;
}
```

PE 5-7

```
/* Programming Exercise 5-7 */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
void showCube(double x);
int main(void) /* finds cube of entered number */
{
    double val;

    printf("Enter a floating-point value: ");
    scanf("%lf", &val);
    showCube(val);

    return 0;
}

void showCube(double x)
{
    printf("The cube of %e is %e.\n", x, x*x*x);
}
```

## Chapter 6

## PE 6-1

```
/* pe6-1.c */
/* this implementation assumes the character codes */
/* are sequential, as they are in ASCII. */
#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 26
int main( void )
{
    char lcase[SIZE];
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
        lcase[i] = 'a' + i;
    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
        printf("%c", lcase[i]);
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}
```

## PE 6-3

```
/* pe6-3.c */  
/* this implementation assumes the character codes */  
/* are sequential, as they are in ASCII. */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main( void )
```

```
{
```

```
    char let = 'F';
```

```
    char start;
```

```
    char end;
```

```
    for (end = let; end >= 'A'; end--)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for (start = let; start >= end; start--)
```

```
            printf("%c", start);
```

```
        printf("\n");
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

PE 6-5

```
/* pe6-5.c */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main( void )
```

```
{
```

```
    int lower, upper, index;
```

```
    int square, cube;
```

```
    printf("Enter starting integer: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &lower);
```

```
    printf("Enter ending integer: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &upper);
```

```
    printf("%5s %10s %15s\n", "num", "square", "cube");
```

```
    for (index = lower; index <= upper; index++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        square = index * index;
```

```
        cube = index * square;
```

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```
    printf("%5d %10d %15d\n", index, square, cube);  
}  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

PE 6-7

```
/* pe6-7.c */  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main( void )  
{  
    double n, m;  
    double res;  
  
    printf("Enter a pair of numbers: ");  
  
    while (scanf("%lf %lf", &n, &m) == 2)  
    {  
        res = (n - m) / (n * m);  
        printf("(%.3g - %.3g)/(%.3g*%.3g) = %.5g\n", n, m, n, m, res);  
        printf("Enter next pair (non-numeric to quit): ");  
    }  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

PE 6-10

```
/* pe6-10.c */  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
#define SIZE 8  
int main( void )  
{  
    int vals[SIZE];  
    int i;  
  
    printf("Please enter %d integers.\n", SIZE);  
    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
```

```

scanf("%d", &vals[i]);
printf("Here, in reverse order, are the values you entered:\n");
for (i = SIZE - 1; i > 0; i--)
    printf("%d ", vals[i]);
printf("\n");

return 0;
}

```

PE 6-12

```

/* pe6-12.c */
/* This version starts with the 0 power */

```

```

#include <stdio.h>

```

```

#define SIZE 8

```

```

int main( void )

```

```

{

```

```

    int twopows[SIZE];

```

```

    int i;

```

```

    int value = 1; /* 2 to the 0 */

```

```

    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)

```

```

    {

```

```

        twopows[i] = value;

```

```

        value *= 2;

```

```

    }

```

```

    i = 0;

```

```

    do

```

```

    {

```

```

        printf("%d ", twopows[i]);

```

```

        i++;

```

```

    } while (i < SIZE);

```

```

    printf("\n");

```

```

    return 0;

```

```

}

```

PE 6-13

```
/* pe-13.c */
/* Programming Exercise 6-13 */
#include <stdio.h>

#define SIZE 8

int main(void)
{
    double arr[SIZE];
    double arr_cumul[SIZE];
    int i;

    printf("Enter %d numbers:\n", SIZE);

    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
    {
        printf("value #%d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%lf", &arr[i]);
        /* or scanf("%lf", arr + i); */
    }

    arr_cumul[0] = arr[0]; /* set first element */
    for (i = 1; i < SIZE; i++)
        arr_cumul[i] = arr_cumul[i-1] + arr[i];

    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
        printf("%8g ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");
    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
        printf("%8g ", arr_cumul[i]);
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}
```

PE 6-15

```
/* pe6-15.c */

#include <stdio.h>

#define RATE_SIMP 0.10
#define RATE_COMP 0.05
```

```
#define INIT_AMT 1000
int main( void )
{
    double daphne = INIT_AMT;
    double deidre = INIT_AMT;
    int years = 0;

    while (deidre <= daphne)
    {
        daphne += RATE_SIMP * INIT_AMT;
        deidre += RATE_COMP * deidre;
        ++years;
    }
    printf("Investment values after %d years:\n", years);
    printf("Daphne: $%.2f\n", daphne);
    printf("Deidre: $%.2f\n", deidre);

    return 0;
}
```

## Chapter 7

### PE 7-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 7-1 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    char ch;
    int sp_ct = 0;
    int nl_ct = 0;
    int other = 0;

    while ((ch = getchar()) != '#')
    {
        if (ch == ' ')
            sp_ct++;
        else if (ch == '\n')
            nl_ct++;
        else
            other++;
    }
}
```

```

printf("space: %d, new lines: %d, other: %d", sp_ct, nl_ct,
other);

return 0;
}

```

## PE 7-3

```

/* Programming Exercise 7-3 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    int n;
    double sumeven = 0.0;
    int ct_even = 0;
    double sumodd = 0.0;
    int ct_odd = 0;

    while (scanf("%d", &n) == 1 && n != 0)
    {
        if (n % 2 == 1)
        {
            sumodd += n;
            ++ct_odd;
        }
        else
        {
            sumeven += n;
            ++ct_even;
        }
    }

    printf("Number of evens: %d", ct_even);
    if (ct_even > 0)
        printf(" average: %g", sumeven / ct_even);
    putchar('\n');

    printf("Number of odds: %d", ct_odd);
    if (ct_odd > 0)
        printf(" average: %g", sumodd / ct_odd);
    putchar('\n');
    printf("\ndone\n");
}

```

```

    return 0;
}

```

## PE 7-5

```

/* Programming Exercise 7-5 */
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    char ch;
    int ct1 = 0;
    int ct2 = 0;

    while ((ch = getchar()) != '#')
    {
        switch(ch)
        {
            case '.' : putchar('!');
                    ++ct1;
                    break;

            case '!' : putchar('!');
                    putchar('!');
                    ++ct2;
                    break;

            default : putchar(ch);
        }
    }

    printf("%d replacements of . with !\n", ct1);
    printf("%d replacements of ! with !!\n", ct2);

    return 0;
}

```

## PE 7-7

```

/* Programming Exercise 7-7 */
#include <stdio.h>

#define BASEPAY    10    /* $10 per hour    */
#define BASEHRS    40    /* hours at basepay */

```

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```

#define OVERTIME 5 /* 1st rate tier */
#define AMT1 100 /* 1st rate tier */
#define AMT2 150 /* 2st rate tier */
#define RATE1 0.15 /* rate for 1st tier */
#define RATE2 0.20 /* rate for 2nd tier */
#define RATE3 0.25 /* rate for 3rd tier */
int main(void)
{
    double hours;
    double gross;
    double net;
    double taxes;

    printf("Enter the number of hours worked this week: ");
    scanf("%lf", &hours);
    if (hours <= BASEHRS)
        gross = hours * BASEPAY;
    else
        gross = BASEHRS * BASEPAY + (hours - BASEHRS) * BASEPAY *
OVERTIME;
    if (gross <= AMT1)
        taxes = gross * RATE1;
    else if (gross <= AMT1 + AMT2)
        taxes = AMT1 * RATE1 + (gross - AMT1) * RATE2;
    else
        taxes = AMT1 * RATE1 + AMT2 * RATE2 + (gross - AMT1 - AMT2) *
RATE3;
    net = gross - taxes;
    printf("gross: %.2f; taxes: %.2f; net: %.2f\n", gross, taxes,
net);

    return 0;
}

```

PE 7-9

```

/* Programming Exercise 7-9 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define NO 0
#define YES 1
int main(void)
{
    long num; /* value to be checked */

```

```

long div;
long lim;
int prime;

printf("Please enter limit to values to be checked; ");
printf("Enter q to quit.\n");
while (scanf("%ld", &lim) == 1 && lim > 0)
{
    for (num = 2; num <= lim; num++)
    {
        for (div = 2, prime = YES; (div * div) <= num; div++)
            if (num % div == 0)
                prime = NO;          /* number is not prime */
        if (prime == YES)
            printf("%ld is prime.\n", num);
    }
    printf("Please enter another limit; ");
    printf("Enter q to quit.\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

PE 7-11

```

/* pe7-11.c */
/* Programming Exercise 7-11 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main(void)
{
    const double price_artichokes = 1.25;
    const double price_beets = 0.65;
    const double price_carrots = 0.89;
    const double DISCOUNT_RATE = 0.05;

    char ch;
    double lb_artichokes;
    double lb_beets;
    double lb_carrots;
    double lb_total;

    double cost_artichokes;
    double cost_beets;

```

```
double cost_carrots;
double cost_total;
double final_total;
double discount;
double shipping;

printf("Enter a to buy artichokes, b for beets, ");
printf("c for carrots, q to quit: ");
while ((ch = getchar()) != 'q' && ch != 'Q')
{
    if (ch == '\n')
        continue;
    while (getchar() != '\n')
        continue;
    ch = tolower(ch);
    switch (ch)
    {
        case 'a' : printf("Enter pounds of artichokes: ");
                    scanf("%lf", &lb_artichokes);
                    break;
        case 'b' : printf("Enter pounds of beets: ");
                    scanf("%lf", &lb_beets);
                    break;
        case 'c' : printf("Enter pounds of carrots: ");
                    scanf("%lf", &lb_carrots);
                    break;
        default  : printf("%c is not a valid choice.\n");
    }
    printf("Enter a to buy artichokes, b for beets, ");
    printf("c for carrots, q to quit: ");
}

cost_artichokes = price_artichokes * lb_artichokes;
cost_beets = price_beets * lb_beets;
cost_carrots = price_carrots * lb_carrots;
cost_total = cost_artichokes + cost_beets + cost_carrots;
lb_total = lb_artichokes + lb_beets + lb_carrots;
if (lb_total <= 0)
    shipping = 0.0;
else if (lb_total < 5.0)
    shipping = 3.50;
else if (lb_total < 20)
    shipping = 10.0;
```

```
else
    shipping = 8.0 + 0.1 * lb_total;
if (cost_total > 100.0)
    discount = DISCOUNT_RATE * cost_total;
else
    discount = 0.0;
final_total = cost_total + shipping - discount;
printf("Your order:\n");
printf("%.2f lbs of artichokes at $.2f per pound: $.2f\n",
        lb_artichokes, price_artichokes, cost_artichokes);
printf("%.2f lbs of beets at $.2f per pound: $.2f\n",
        lb_beets, price_beets, cost_beets);
printf("%.2f lbs of carrots at $.2f per pound: $.2f\n",
        lb_carrots, price_carrots, cost_carrots);
printf("Total cost of vegetables: $.2f\n", cost_total);
if (cost_total > 100)
    printf("Volume discount: $.2f\n", discount);
printf("Shipping: $.2f\n", shipping);
printf("Total charges: $.2f\n", final_total);

return 0;
}
```

## Chapter 8

## PE 8-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 8-1 */

#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int ch;
    int ct = 0;

    while ((ch = getchar()) != EOF)
        ct++;
    printf("%d characters read\n", ct);

    return 0;
}
```

```
/* Programming Exercise 8-3 */
/* Using ctype.h eliminates need to assume ASCII coding */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main(void)
{
    int ch;
    int uct = 0;
    int lct = 0;

    while ((ch = getchar()) != EOF)
        if (isupper(ch))
            uct++;
        else if (islower(ch))
            lct++;
    printf("%d uppercase characters read\n", uct);
    printf("%d lowercase characters read\n", lct);

    return 0;
}

/*
or you could use
if (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z')
    uct++;
else if (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z')
    lct++;
*/
```

## PE 8-5

```
/* Programming Exercise 8-5 */
/* binaryguess.c -- an improved number-guesser */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main(void)
{
    int high = 100;
    int low = 1;
    int guess = (high + low) / 2;
    char response;
```

```

printf("Pick a number between 1 and 100 to guess ");
printf("it.\nRespond with a y if my guess is right, with");
printf("\na h if it is high, and with an l if it is low.\n");
printf("Uh...is your number %d?\n", guess);
while ((response = getchar()) != 'y') /* get response */
{
    if (response == '\n')
        continue;
    if (response != 'h' && response != 'l')
    {
        printf("I don't understand that response. Please enter h
for\n");
        printf("high, l for low, or y for correct.\n");
        continue;
    }

    if (response == 'h')
        high = guess - 1;
    else if (response == 'l')
        low = guess + 1;
    guess = (high + low) / 2;
    printf("Well, then, is it %d?\n", guess);
}
printf("I knew I could do it!\n");
return 0;
}

```

PE 8-7

```

/* Programming Exercise 8-7 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#define BASEPAY1 8.75 /* $8.75 per hour */
#define BASEPAY2 9.33 /* $9.33 per hour */
#define BASEPAY3 10.00 /* $10.00 per hour */
#define BASEPAY4 11.20 /* $11.20 per hour */
#define BASEHRS 40 /* hours at basepay */
#define OVERTIME 1.5 /* 1.5 time */
#define AMT1 300 /* 1st rate tier */
#define AMT2 150 /* 2st rate tier */
#define RATE1 0.15 /* rate for 1st tier */

```

```

#define RATE2 0.20 /* rate for 2nd tier */
#define RATE3 0.25 /* rate for 3rd tier */

int getfirst(void);
void menu(void);

int main(void)
{
    double hours;
    double gross;
    double net;
    double taxes;
    double pay;
    char response;

    menu();
    while ((response = getfirst()) != 'q')
    {
        if (response == '\n') /* skip over newlines */
            continue;
        response = tolower(response); /* accept A as a, etc. */
        switch (response)
        {
            case 'a' : pay = BASEPAY1; break;
            case 'b' : pay = BASEPAY2; break;
            case 'c' : pay = BASEPAY3; break;
            case 'd' : pay = BASEPAY4; break;
            default : printf("Please enter a, b, c, d, or q.\n");
                    menu();
                    continue; /* go to beginning of loop */
        }
        printf("Enter the number of hours worked this week: ");
        scanf("%lf", &hours);
        if (hours <= BASEHRS)
            gross = hours * pay;
        else
            gross = BASEHRS * pay + (hours - BASEHRS) * pay * OVERTIME;
        if (gross <= AMT1)
            taxes = gross * RATE1;
        else if (gross <= AMT1 + AMT2)
            taxes = AMT1 * RATE1 + (gross - AMT1) * RATE2;
        else

```

```
*
    RATE3;
    net = gross - taxes;
    printf("gross: $%. 2f; taxes: $%. 2f; net: $%. 2f\n", gross, taxes,
        net);
    menu();
}
printf("Done. \n");

return 0;
}

void menu(void)
{
printf("*****\n");
    printf("Enter the number corresponding to the desired pay rate"
        " or action:\n");
    printf("a) $%4. 2f/hr      b) $%4. 2f/hr\n", BASEPAY1,
        BASEPAY2);
    printf("c) $%5. 2f/hr      d) $%5. 2f/hr\n", BASEPAY3,
        BASEPAY4);
    printf("q) quit\n");

printf("*****\n");
}

int getfirst(void)
{
    int ch;

    ch = getchar();
    while (isspace(ch))
        ch = getchar();
    while (getchar() != '\n')
        continue;
    return ch;
}
}
```

## PE 9-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 9-1 */
#include <stdio.h>

double min(double a, double b);
int main(void)
{
    double x, y;

    printf("Enter two numbers (q to quit): ");
    while (scanf("%lf %lf", &x, &y) == 2)
    {
        printf("The smaller number is %f.\n", min(x,y));
        printf("Next two values (q to quit): ");
    }
    printf("Bye!\n");

    return 0;
}

double min(double a, double b)
{
    return a < b ? a : b;
}

/* alternative implementation
double min(double a, double b)
{
    if (a < b)
        return a;
    else
        return b;
}
*/
```

## PE 9-3

```
/* Programming Exercise 9-3 */
#include <stdio.h>

void chLineRow(char ch, int c, int r);
int main(void)
```

```
{
    char ch;
    int col, row;

    printf("Enter a character (# to quit): ");
    while ( (ch = getchar()) != '#')
    {
        if (ch == '\n')
            continue;
        printf("Enter number of columns and number of rows: ");
        if (scanf("%d %d", &col, &row) != 2)
            break;
        chLineRow(ch, col, row);
        printf("\nEnter next character (# to quit): ");
    }
    printf("Bye!\n");

    return 0;
}

void chLineRow(char ch, int c, int r)
{
    int col, row;

    for (row = 0; row < r ; row++)
    {
        for (col = 0; col < c; col++)
            putchar(ch);
        putchar('\n');
    }
    return;
}
```

PE 9-5

```
/* Programming Exercise 9-5 */
#include <stdio.h>

void larger_of(double *p1, double *p2);
int main(void)
{
    double x, y;
```

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```
printf("Enter two numbers (q to quit): ");
while (scanf("%lf %lf", &x, &y) == 2)
{
    larger_of(&x, &y);
    printf("The modified values are %f and %f.\n", x, y);
    printf("Next two values (q to quit): ");
}
printf("Bye!\n");

return 0;
}
```

```
void larger_of(double *p1, double *p2)
{
    double temp = *p1 > *p2 ? *p1 : *p2;
    *p1 = *p2 = temp;
}
```

PE 9-7

```
/* Programming Exercise 9-7 */
#include <stdio.h>
double power(double a, int b); /* ANSI prototype */
int main(void)
{
    double x, xpow;
    int n;

    printf("Enter a number and the integer power");
    printf(" to which\nthe number will be raised. Enter q");
    printf(" to quit.\n");
    while (scanf("%lf%d", &x, &n) == 2)
    {
        xpow = power(x, n); /* function call */
        printf("%.3g to the power %d is %.5g\n", x, n, xpow);
        printf("Enter next pair of numbers or q to quit.\n");
    }
    printf("Hope you enjoyed this power trip -- bye!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

```
double power(double a, int b) /* function definition */
```

```
{
double pow = 1;
int i;

if (b == 0)
{
    if (a == 0)
        printf("0 to the 0 undefined; using 1 as the value\n");
    pow = 1.0;
}
else if (a == 0)
    pow = 0.0;
else if (b > 0)
    for(i = 1; i <= b; i++)
        pow *= a;
else /* b < 0 */
    pow = 1.0 / power(a, - b);
return pow; /* return the value of pow */
}
```

## PE 9-9

```
/* Programming Exercise 9-9 */
#include <stdio.h>
void to_base_n(int x, int base);
int main(void)
{
    int number;
    int b;

    printf("Enter an integer (q to quit):\n");
    while (scanf("%d", &number) == 1)
    {
        printf("Enter number base (2-10): ");
        scanf("%d", &b);
        printf("Base %d equivalent: ", b);
        to_base_n(number, b);
        putchar('\n');
        printf("Enter an integer (q to quit):\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
void to_base_n(int x, int base) /* recursive function */
{
    int r;

    r = x % base;
    if (x >= 2)
        to_base_n(x / base, base);
    putchar('0' + r);
    return;
}
```

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## Chapter 10

### PE 10-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 10-1 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define MONTHS 12 /* number of months in a year */
#define YRS 5 /* number of years of data */
int main(void)
{
    /* initializing rainfall data for 1990 - 1994 */
    const float rain[YRS][MONTHS] = {
        {10.2, 8.1, 6.8, 4.2, 2.1, 1.8, 0.2, 0.3, 1.1, 2.3, 6.1, 7.4},
        {9.2, 9.8, 4.4, 3.3, 2.2, 0.8, 0.4, 0.0, 0.6, 1.7, 4.3, 5.2},
        {6.6, 5.5, 3.8, 2.8, 1.6, 0.2, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.3, 2.6, 4.2},
        {4.3, 4.3, 4.3, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 0.2, 0.2, 0.4, 2.4, 3.5, 6.6},
        {8.5, 8.2, 1.2, 1.6, 2.4, 0.0, 5.2, 0.9, 0.3, 0.9, 1.4, 7.2}
    };
    int year, month;
    float subtot, total;

    printf(" YEAR RAINFALL (inches)\n");
    for (year = 0, total = 0; year < YRS; year++)
    {
        /* for each year, sum rainfall for each month */
        for (month = 0, subtot = 0; month < MONTHS; month++)
            subtot += (*(rain + year) + month);
        printf("%5d %15.1f\n", 1990 + year, subtot);
        total += subtot; /* total for all years */
    }
    printf("\nThe yearly average is %.1f inches.\n\n", total/YRS);
    printf("MONTHLY AVERAGES:\n\n");
}
```

printf(" Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct ");  
printf(" Nov Dec\n");

```
for (month = 0; month < MONTHS; month++)  
{  
    /* for each month, sum rainfall over years */  
    for (year = 0, subtot = 0; year < YRS; year++)  
        subtot += (*(rain + year) + month);  
    printf("%4.1f ", subtot/YRS);  
}  
printf("\n");  
return 0;  
}
```

PE 10-3

```
/* Programming Exercise 10-3 */  
#include <stdio.h>  
#define LEN 10  
  
int max_arr(const int ar[], int n);  
void show_arr(const int ar[], int n);  
  
int main(void)  
{  
    int orig[LEN] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};  
    int max;  
  
    show_arr(orig, LEN);  
    max = max_arr(orig, LEN);  
    printf("%d = largest value\n", max);  
  
    return 0;  
}  
  
int max_arr(const int ar[], int n)  
{  
    int i;  
    int max = ar[0];  
    /* don't use 0 as initial max value -- fails if all array values are neg  
    */  
  
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)  
        if (max < ar[i])
```

```
        max = ar[i];
    }
    return max; 若侵犯了您的版权利益，敬请来信告知！
}

void show_arr(const int ar[], int n)
{
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", ar[i]);
    putchar('\n');
}
```

PE 10-5

```
/* Programming Exercise 10-5 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define LEN 10

float max_diff(const float ar[], int n);
void show_arr(const float ar[], int n);

int main(void)
{
    float orig[LEN] = {1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    float max;

    show_arr(orig, LEN);
    max = max_diff(orig, LEN);
    printf("%g = maximum difference\n", max);

    return 0;
}

float max_diff(const float ar[], int n)
{
    int i;
    float max = ar[0];
    float min = ar[0];

    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
```

```
        if (max < ar[i])
            max = ar[i];
        else if (min > ar[i])
            min = ar[i];
    }
    return max - min;
}

void show_arr(const float ar[], int n)
{
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%g ", ar[i]);
    putchar('\n');
}
```

PE 10-7

```
/* Programming Exercise 10-7 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define LEN1 7
#define LEN2 3

void copy_arr(int ar1[], const int ar2[], int n);
void show_arr(const int ar[], int n);

int main(void)
{
    int orig[LEN1] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7};
    int copy[LEN2];

    show_arr(orig, LEN1);
    copy_arr(copy, orig + 2, LEN2);
    show_arr(copy, LEN2);

    return 0;
}

void copy_arr(int ar1[], const int ar2[], int n)
{
    int i;
```

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) 若侵犯了您的版权利益, 敬请来信告知!

```
    ar1[i] = ar2[i];
```

```
}
```

```
void show_arr(const int ar[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        printf("%d ", ar[i]);
```

```
    putchar('\n');
```

```
}
```

PE 10-10

```
/* Programming Exercise 10-10 */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define ROWS 3
```

```
#define COLS 5
```

```
void times2(int ar[][COLS], int r);
```

```
void showarr2(int ar[][COLS], int r);
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int stuff[ROWS][COLS] = {  
        {1, 2, 3, 4, 5},  
        {6, 7, 8, 9, 10},  
        {11, 12, 13, 14, 15}  
    };
```

```
    showarr2(stuff, ROWS);
```

```
    putchar('\n');
```

```
    times2(stuff, ROWS);
```

```
    showarr2(stuff, ROWS);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void times2(int ar[][COLS], int r)
```

```
{
```

```
    int row, col;
```

```
    for (row = 0; row < r; row++)
```

for (col = 0; col < COLS; col++)  
 ar[row][col] \*= 2;

```

}

void showarr2(int ar[][COLS], int r)
{
    int row, col;

    for (row = 0; row < r; row++)
    {
        for (col = 0; col < COLS; col++)
            printf("%d ", ar[row][col]);
        putchar('\n');
    }
}

```

PE 10-13

```

/* Programming Exercise 10-13 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define ROWS 3
#define COLS 5

void store(double ar[], int n);
double average2d(int rows, int cols, double ar[rows][cols]);
double max2d(int rows, int cols, double ar[rows][cols]);
void showarr2(int rows, int cols, double ar[rows][cols]);
double average(const double ar[], int n);

int main(void)
{
    double stuff[ROWS][COLS];
    int row;

    for (row = 0; row < ROWS; row++)
    {
        printf("Enter %d numbers for row %d\n", COLS, row + 1);
        store(stuff[row], COLS);
    }

    printf("array contents:\n");
    showarr2(ROWS, COLS, stuff);
}

```

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```
for (row = 0; row < ROWS; row++)
    printf("average value of row %d = %g\n", row + 1,
average(stuff[row], COLS));
printf("average value of all rows = %g\n", average2d(ROWS, COLS,
stuff));
printf("largest value = %g\n", max2d(ROWS, COLS, stuff));
printf("Bye!\n");
return 0;
}

void store(double ar[], int n)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter value #%d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%lf", & ar[i]);
    }
}

double average2d(int rows, int cols, double ar[rows][cols])
{
    int r, c;
    double sum = 0.0;

    for (r = 0; r < rows; r++)
        for (c = 0; c < cols; c++)
            sum += ar[r][c];
    if (rows * cols > 0)
        return sum / (rows * cols);
    else
        return 0.0;
}

double max2d(int rows, int cols, double ar[rows][cols])
{
    int r, c;
    double max = ar[0][0];

    for (r = 0; r < rows; r++)
        for (c = 0; c < cols; c++)
            if (max < ar[r][c])
```

```
return max;
}

void showarr2(int rows, int cols, double ar[rows][cols])
{
    int row, col;

    for (row = 0; row < rows; row++)
    {
        for (col = 0; col < cols; col++)
            printf("%g ", ar[row][col]);
        putchar('\n');
    }
}

double average(const double ar[], int n)
{
    int i;
    double sum = 0.0;

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        sum += ar[i];
    if (n > 0)
        return sum / n;
    else
        return 0.0;
}
```

## Chapter 11

### PE 11-1

```
/* Programming Exercise 11-1 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define LEN 10
char * getnchar(char * str, int n);
int main(void)
{
    char input[LEN];
    char *chk;
```

```
chk = getchar(input);
if (chk == NULL)
    puts("Input failed.");
else
    puts(input);
puts("Done. \n");

return 0;
}
```

```
char * getnchar(char * str, int n)
{
    int i;
    int ch;

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        ch = getchar();
        if (ch != EOF)
            str[i] = ch;
        else
            break;
    }
    if (ch == EOF)
        return NULL;
    else
    {
        str[i] = '\0';
        return str;
    }
}
```

PE 11-3

```
/* Programming Exercise 11-3 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define LEN 80
char * getword(char * str);
int main(void)
{
    char input[LEN];
    char *chk;
```

```
while (getword(input) != NULL)
    puts(input);
puts("Done. \n");

return 0;
}

#include <ctype.h>
char * getword(char * str)
{
    int i;
    int ch;

    while ((ch = getchar()) != EOF && !isspace(ch))
        *str++ = ch;
    *str = '\0';
    if (ch == EOF)
        return NULL;
    else
    {
        while (ch != '\n')
            ch = getchar();
        return str;
    }
}
```

PE 11-5

```
/* Programming Exercise 11-5 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define LEN 80
int is_within(const char * str, char c);
int main(void)
{
    char input[LEN];
    char ch;
    int found;;

    printf("Enter a string: ");
    while (gets(input) && input[0] != '\0')
    {
        printf("Enter a character: ");
```

```
ch = getchar();
while (getchar() != '\n')
    continue;
found = is_within(input, ch);
if (found == 0)
    printf("%c not found in string.\n", ch);
else
    printf("%c found in string %s\n", ch, input);
printf("Next string: ");
}
puts("Done.\n");

return 0;
}

int is_within(const char * str, char ch)
{
    while (*str != ch && *str != '\0')
        str++;
    return *str; /* = 0 if \0 reached, non-zero otherwise */
}
```

PE 11-7

```
/* Programming Exercise 11-7 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define LEN 20
char * string_in(const char * s1, const char * s2);
int main(void)
{
    char orig[LEN] = "transportation";
    char * find;

    puts(orig);
    find = string_in(orig, "port");
    if (find)
        puts(find);
    else
        puts("Not found");
    find = string_in(orig, "part");
    if (find)
        puts(find);
    else
```

```

    puts("Not found");

    return 0;
}

#include <string.h>
char * string_in(const char * s1, const char * s2)
{
    int l2 = strlen(s2);
    int tries;          /* maximum number of comparisons */
    int nomatch = 1;    /* set to 0 if match is found */

    tries = strlen(s1) + 1 - l2;
    if (tries > 0)
        while ((nomatch = strncmp(s1, s2, l2)) && tries--)
            s1++;
    if (nomatch)
        return NULL;
    else
        return (char *) s1; /* cast const away */
}

```

## PE 11-9

```

/* Programming Exercise 11-9 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define LEN 81
int drop_space(char * s);
int main(void)
{
    char orig[LEN];

    while (gets(orig) && orig[0] != '\0')
    {
        drop_space(orig);
        puts(orig);
    }
    puts("Bye!");
    return 0;
}

int drop_space(char * s)
{

```

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```
int ct = 0;
char * pos;
while (*s) /* or while (*s != '\0') */
{
    if (*s == ' ')
    {
        pos = s;
        do
        {
            *pos = *(pos + 1);
            pos++;
        } while (*pos);
    }
    else
        s++;
}
}
```

PE 11-11

```
/* pell-11.c -- counts words and certain characters */
/* Programming Exercise 11-11 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h> // for isspace()
#include <stdbool.h> // for bool, true, false
int main(void)
{
    char c; // read in character
    int low_ct = 0; // number of lowercase characters
    int up_ct = 0; // number of uppercase characters
    int dig_ct = 0; // number of digits
    int n_words = 0; // number of words
    int punc_ct = 0; // number of punctuation marks
    bool inword = false; // == true if c is in a word

    printf("Enter text to be analyzed (EOF to terminate):\n");
    while ((c = getchar()) != EOF)
    {
        if (islower(c))
            low_ct++;
        else if (isupper(c))
            up_ct++;
    }
}
```

```

else if (isdigit(c))
    dig_ct++;
else if (ispunct(c))
    punc_ct++;
if (!isspace(c) && !inword)
{
    inword = true; // starting a new word
    n_words++;    // count word
}
if (isspace(c) && inword)
    inword = false; // reached end of word
}
printf("\nwords = %d, lowercase = %d, uppercase = %d, "
       "digits = %d, punctuation = %d\n",
       n_words, low_ct, up_ct, dig_ct, punc_ct);
return 0;
}

```

## PE 11-13

```

/* Programming Exercise 11-13 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h> /* for atof() */
#include <math.h> /* for pow() */
/* #include <console.h> */ /* Macintosh adjustment */
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    double num, exp;

    /* argc = ccommand(&argv); */ /* Macintosh adjustment */
    if (argc != 3)
        printf("Usage: %s number exponent\n", argv[0]);
    else
    {
        num = atof(argv[1]);
        exp = atof(argv[2]);
        printf("%f to the %f power = %g\n", num, exp, pow(num, exp));
    }

    return 0;
}

```

```
/* Programming Exercise 11-15 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
/* #include <console.h> */ /* Macintosh adjustment */

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    char mode = 'p';
    int ok = 1;
    int ch;

    /*argc = ccommand(&argv); */ /* Macintosh adjustment */

    if (argc > 2)
    {
        printf("Usage: %s [-p | -u | -l]\n", argv[0]);
        ok = 0; /* skip processing input */
    }
    else if (argc == 2)
    {
        if (argv[1][0] != '-')
        {
            printf("Usage: %s [-p | -u | -l]\n", argv[0]);
            ok = 0;
        }
        else
            switch(argv[1][1])
            {
                case 'p' :
                case 'u' :
                case 'l' : mode = argv[1][1];
                            break;
                default : printf("%s is an invalid flag: ", argv[1]);
                            printf("using default flag (-p).\n");
            }
    }

    if (ok)
        while ((ch = getchar() ) != EOF)
        {
            switch(mode)
            {
```

```
        case 'u' : putchar(toupper(ch));
                    break;
        case 'l' : putchar(tolower(ch));
    }
}

return 0;
}
```

## Chapter 12

### PE 12-1

```
/* pe12-1.c -- deglobalizing global.c */
/* Programming Exercise 12-1 */
/* one of several approaches */
#include <stdio.h>
void critic(int * u);
int main(void)
{
    int units; /* units now local */

    printf("How many pounds to a firkin of butter?\n");
    scanf("%d", &units);
    while ( units != 56)
        critic(&units);
    printf("You must have looked it up!\n");
    return 0;
}

void critic(int * u)
{
    printf("No luck, chummy. Try again.\n");
    scanf("%d", u);
}

// or use a return value:
// units = critic();

// and have critic look like this:
```

```
/*
int critic(void)
{
    int u;
    printf("No luck, chummy. Try again.\n");
    scanf("%d", &u);
    return u;
}
*/

// or have main() collect the next value for units
```

PE 12-3

```
//pel2-3a.h
```

```
#define METRIC 0
#define US 1
#define USE_RECENT 2
```

```
void check_mode(int *pm);
```

```
void get_info(int mode, double *pd, double *pf);
```

```
void show_info(int mode, double distance, double fuel);
```

```
// pel2-3a.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "pel2-3a.h"
```

```
void check_mode(int *pm)
```

```
{
    if (*pm != METRIC && *pm != US)
    {
        printf("Invalid mode specified. Mode %d\n", *pm);
        printf("Previous mode will be used.\n");
        *pm = USE_RECENT;
    }
}
```

```
void get_info(int mode, double *pd, double *pf)
```

```
{
    if (mode == METRIC)
```

```

        printf("Enter distance traveled in kilometers: ");
    else
        printf("Enter distance traveled in miles: ");
    scanf("%lf", pd);
    if (mode == METRIC)
        printf("Enter fuel consumed in liters: ");
    else
        printf("Enter fuel consumed in gallons: ");
    scanf("%lf", pf);
}

void show_info(int mode, double distance, double fuel)
{
    printf("Fuel consumption is ");
    if (mode == METRIC)
        printf("%.2f liters per 100 km.\n", 100 * fuel / distance);
    else
        printf("%.1f miles per gallon.\n", distance / fuel);
}

// pel2-3.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "pel2-3a.h"
int main(void)
{
    int mode;
    int prev_mode = METRIC;
    double distance, fuel;

    printf("Enter 0 for metric mode, 1 for US mode: ");
    scanf("%d", &mode);
    while (mode >= 0)
    {
        check_mode(&mode);
        if (mode == USE_RECENT)
            mode = prev_mode;
        prev_mode = mode;
        get_info(mode, &distance, &fuel);
        show_info(mode, distance, fuel);
        printf("Enter 0 for metric mode, 1 for US mode");
        printf(" (-1 to quit): ");
        scanf("%d", &mode);
    }
}

```

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```
printf("Done. \n");
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

PE 12-5

```
/* pe12-5.c */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void print(const int array[], int limit);
```

```
void sort(int array[], int limit);
```

```
#define SIZE 100
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    int arr[SIZE];
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++)
```

```
        arr[i] = rand() % 10 + 1;
```

```
    puts("initial array");
```

```
    print(arr, SIZE);
```

```
    sort(arr, SIZE);
```

```
    puts("\nsorted array");
```

```
    print(arr, SIZE);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
/* sort.c -- sorts an integer array in decreasing order */
```

```
void sort(int array[], int limit)
```

```
{
```

```
    int top, search, temp;
```

```
    for (top = 0; top < limit - 1; top++)
```

```
        for (search = top + 1; search < limit; search++)
```

```
            if (array[search] > array[top])
```

```
                {
```

```
                    temp = array[search];
```

```
                    array[search] = array[top];
```

```
                    array[top] = temp;
```

```
                }
```

```
}
```

```
}  
  
/* print.c -- prints an array */  
void print(const int array[], int limit)  
{  
    int index;  
  
    for (index = 0; index < limit; index++)  
    {  
        printf("%2d ", array[index]);  
        if (index % 10 == 9)  
            putchar('\n');  
    }  
    if (index % 10 != 0)  
        putchar('\n');  
}
```

PE 12-7

```
/* pe12-7.c */  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h> /* for srand() */  
#include <time.h> /* for time() */  
int rollem(int);  
  
int main(void)  
{  
    int dice, count, roll;  
    int sides;  
    int set, sets;  
  
    srand((unsigned int) time(0)); /* randomize rand() */  
  
    printf("Enter the number of sets; enter q to stop.\n");  
    while (scanf("%d", &sets) == 1)  
    {  
        printf("How many sides and how many dice?\n");  
        scanf("%d %d", &sides, &dice);  
        printf("Here are %d sets of %d %d-sided throws.\n", sets, dice,  
            sides);  
        for (set = 0; set < sets; set++)  
        {  
            for (roll = 0, count = 0; count < dice; count++)
```

```
/* running total of dice pips */
printf("%4d ", roll);
if (set % 15 == 14)
    putchar('\n');
}
if (set % 15 != 0)
    putchar('\n');
printf("How many sets? Enter q to stop.\n");
}
printf("GOOD FORTUNE TO YOU!\n");
return 0;
}

int rollem(int sides)
{
    int roll;

    roll = rand() % sides + 1;
    return roll;
}
```

## Chapter 13

### PE 13-2

```
/* Programming Exercise 13-2 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//#include <console.h> /* Macintosh adjustment */

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int byte;
    FILE * source;
    FILE * target;

    //  argc = ccommand(&argv); /* Macintosh adjustment */

    if (argc != 3)
    {
```

```

printf("若侵犯了您的权益, 敬请来信告知!\n", argv[0]);
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

if ((source = fopen(argv[1], "rb")) == NULL)
{
    printf("Could not open file %s for input\n", argv[1]);
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
if ((target = fopen(argv[2], "wb")) == NULL)
{
    printf("Could not open file %s for output\n", argv[2]);
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
while ((byte = getc(source)) != EOF)
{
    putc(byte, target);
}
if (fclose(source) != 0)
    printf("Could not close file %s\n", argv[1]);
if (fclose(target) != 0)
    printf("Could not close file %s\n", argv[2]);

return 0;
}

```

## PE 13-4

```

/* Programming Exercise 13-4 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <console.h> /* Macintosh adjustment */

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int byte;
    FILE * source;
    int filect;

    argc = ccommand(&argv); /* Macintosh adjustment */

```

if (argc == 1) 课后答案网: www.hackshp.cn  
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```
    printf("Usage: %s filename[s]\n", argv[0]);  
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);  
}  
  
for (filect = 1; filect < argc; filect++)  
{  
    if ((source = fopen(argv[filect], "r")) == NULL)  
    {  
        printf("Could not open file %s for input\n", argv[filect]);  
        continue;  
    }  
    while ((byte = getc(source)) != EOF)  
    {  
        putchar(byte);  
    }  
    if (fclose(source) != 0)  
        printf("Could not close file %s\n", argv[1]);  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

PE 13-5

```
/* Programming Exercise 13-5 */  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <string.h>  
//#include <console.h> /* Macintosh adjustment */  
  
#define BUFSIZE 1024  
#define SLEN 81  
void append(FILE *source, FILE *dest);  
  
int main(int argc, char *argv[])  
{  
    FILE *fa, *fs;  
    int files = 0;  
    int fct;
```